



**AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS
TEAM NEW YORK AQUATICS INC.,**

a New York not-for-profit corporation

Adopted December 7, 1990

Restated for TNYA's incorporation as a not-for-profit corporation, October 24, 1993

Latest edition as amended by vote of the membership October 16, 2025

ARTICLE 1 – GENERAL

1.1 NAME

The name of this not-for-profit corporation is Team New York Aquatics, Inc. (“TNYA”).

1.2 MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of TNYA is to serve the social and physical wellbeing of the lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, gender non-conforming, and allied (“LGBTQ+”) community in the greater New York City area by organizing and participating in amateur aquatic practices and competitions in a safe environment characterized by mutual understanding and support, allowing LGBTQ+ athletes of all abilities and skill levels to achieve their own goals in aquatic sports.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

As used in these bylaws, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:

- (a) “Annual membership meeting” means the annual meeting of the members required by N-PCL § 603(b);
- (b) “Board” means the Board of Directors of TNYA;
- (c) “Board Organizing Meeting” or “BOM” means the first meeting of the Board following the annual membership meeting;
- (d) “Co-Presidents” means the President and Vice President;
- (e) “coach” means a person who is paid hourly or per practice to coach an aquatic sport practice or competition and who does not have the title, compensation, or responsibilities of a Head Coach;
- (f) “compensation” means payment either in cash or in-kind to an individual or sole proprietorship for personal services; payment to a staffing agency or other legal person for services is not compensation unless that legal person is simply a vehicle through which an individual is paid for personal services;
- (g) “conflict of interest” has the meaning set forth in the conflict-of-interest policy promulgated by the Board, not inconsistent with the N-PCL or the IRC or regulations promulgated thereunder;
- (h) a person is “convicted of a qualifying offense” if the person has been convicted of any offense that has as an element the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the person or property of another, or any offense that would render the offender eligible for registration pursuant to the provisions of article 6-C of the New York State Corrections Law, and that conviction has not been sealed, expunged, or reversed on appeal;
- (i) “directors” mean voting members of the Board;
- (j) “days” means calendar days, inclusive of weekdays, weekends, and public holidays; a task which is to be performed on or before a certain day is timely if it is performed at any time between 12:00am of that day and 11:59pm of that day (inclusive), New York time; a deadline falling on a certain day falls at 11.59pm, New York time, on that day;

- (k) “membership meeting” means a meeting of the members of TNYA;
- (l) “grant” means any expenditure from the Fortoul Fellowship Fund, payment of money by TNYA to a member to attend a TNYA or other event (from any source), or any other discount on payment of fees ordinarily due and payable;
- (m) “Head Coach” is a person retained by TNYA either as an employee or independent contractor to supervise other coaches and/or perform administrative functions for TNYA compensated in a form other than free or reduced cost participation in TNYA activities;
- (n) “IRC” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as now in effect or as may hereafter be amended;
- (o) “independent directors,” are directors who both meet the definition set forth in N-PCL § 102(a)(21) and are neither TNYA employees, independent contractors, or coaches;
- (p) “key person” has the same meaning as set forth in N-PCL § 102(a)(25);
- (q) “the membership” means all members of TNYA taken together;
- (r) “N-PCL” means the New York Not-for-Profit Corporation Law;
- (s) “other officers” are all officers who are not Principal Officers;
- (t) “Principal Officers” means the President, Vice President, Coaching Officer, Treasurer, and Secretary;
- (u) “Secretary” in the context of a requirement that notice be given by or given to “the Secretary” means given by or to the Secretary or any officer or system designated by the Board for the receipt or transmission of such notices or documents.
- (v) “special membership meeting” means any meeting of the members other than the annual membership meeting;
- (w) “TNYA” means Team New York Aquatics, Inc.;
- (x) “Welfare policies” mean the member code of conduct, anti-harassment policy, and anti-discrimination policy promulgated by the Board pursuant to bylaw 1.6;
- (y) “written” notices, requests, or other communications means both written and electronic communication, including but not limited to emails sent to the last known email address of the recipient.

1.4 AFFILIATION

TNYA must use its best efforts to join, and maintain membership in, International Group for LGBTQ+ Aquatics, Inc. TNYA may join or otherwise affiliate with such other national and local aquatic, athletic, and LGBTQ+-inclusive organizations as the Board deems necessary or convenient for the advancement of TNYA’s mission.

1.5 COMMITMENT TO PROGRAMMING FOR LESS EXPERIENCED SWIMMERS

TNYA must use its best efforts to provide a comprehensive adult learn to swim program and intermediate “low pressure zone” aquatics program, with special emphasis on providing such programs to communities historically marginalized or excluded from aquatic sports.

1.6 NON-DISCRIMINATION AND WELFARE POLICIES

TNYA shall be nondiscriminatory and ensure in all its operations and activities a safe and inclusive environment where all individuals are treated with respect. In furtherance of this obligation, the Board must promulgate and enforce the welfare policies and distribute copies of these policies to the membership at least once each year.

1.7 TNYA IS A PUBLIC CHARITY

TNYA is organized and shall be operated exclusively for charitable purposes within the meaning of section 501(c)(3) of the IRC. Notwithstanding any other provision of these bylaws, TNYA must not carry on any activities not permitted to be carried on by a corporation exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the IRC, or by a corporation, contributions to which are deductible under section 170(c)(2) of the IRC.

1.8 OTHER AUTHORITIES

TNYA is bound by, and must not act inconsistently with, the following authorities:

- (a) The laws of the United States and of New York State, in particular the N-PCL, the IRC, and any other applicable laws and regulations;
- (b) These bylaws;
- (c) Policies adopted by the Board not overridden by the members pursuant to bylaw 3.10; and,
- (d) for the conduct of meetings, the latest edition of Rosenberg's Rules of Order as published by the League of California Cities.

To the extent that the above authorities are in irreconcilable conflict, TNYA is bound by the authority appearing higher on the above list.

ARTICLE 2 – MEMBERSHIP

2.1 WHO IS A MEMBER

The members of TNYA are individuals, each of whom:

- (a) Is aged eighteen years or over;
- (b) Is interested in the purposes and programs of TNYA;
- (c) Has agreed to the welfare policies promulgated by the Board pursuant to bylaw 1.6;
- (d) Has paid the designated initiation fee to TNYA;
- (e) If they are subject to a restriction on joining TNYA because of the action of the Board or the membership pursuant to bylaw 2.3, has received the approval of the Board or membership (as applicable) to resume their membership; and,
- (f) has registered with TNYA by completing the form prescribed by the Board.

2.2 LOSS OF MEMBERSHIP

A person ceases to be a member if that person:

- (a) Fails to pay the designated annual dues within one month of the date on which they become due and payable;
- (b) Resigns in writing to the Secretary;
- (c) Is expelled from TNYA pursuant to bylaw 2.3;
- (d) Is sent two consecutive notices to their registered email address that are returned as undeliverable;
- (e) Dies or experiences any other event that would terminate a person's membership in a non-profit corporation under the N-PCL.

2.3 MEMBER AND PARTICIPANT MISCONDUCT

- (a) The Board may ban any person ("the respondent") from further participation in some or all of TNYA's activities for just cause. The ban imposed may be of limited or indefinite duration. "Just cause" exists when those approving the action believe that it is more likely than not that (i) the respondent acted or will act in breach of the welfare policies or the conflict of interest policy, and (ii) the breach is of sufficient seriousness that the action is necessary to remediate the breach or prevent its occurrence or reoccurrence.
- (b) Except as provided by subdivision (c) of this bylaw, the Board may impose neither a limited nor indefinite ban on participation unless and until the Board has made reasonable efforts to give the respondent notice in writing of the allegations against them, an opportunity to be heard with counsel or by proxy, and a reasoned written decision.
- (c) If the Board believes it is probable that just cause exists to ban the respondent from participation in TNYA's activities, and that irreparable harm would result if the Board were to delay in imposition of a ban until notice and an opportunity to be heard were provided, the Board may temporarily ban the respondent from participation in TNYA activities notwithstanding failure to comply with any of the provisions of subdivision (b) of this bylaw. A ban authorized by this subdivision (c) expires 30 days after imposition and may not be renewed.
 - (i) The Board's powers pursuant to this subdivision (c) may be exercised by the Co-Presidents, provided that if exercised by the Co-Presidents the resulting ban expires seven days after imposition and may not be renewed except by the Board, such renewal expiring 23 days after Board action without possibility of further renewal pursuant to this subdivision (c).
 - (ii) In all cases, the respondent may challenge imposition of such interim measures by writing to the Board or appealing to the membership pursuant to subdivision (d).
 - (iii) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board may empower coaches to require any participant to remove themselves from a practice or event for just cause, with subsequent exclusions to be determined as otherwise described in this subdivision (c).

- (d) Any member aggrieved by the Board's actions or inactions concerning a ban on participation (including but not limited to a decision not to impose a ban on participation), may appeal that decision or absence of decision to the membership, which may overturn the Board's decision or absence of decision by vote of the membership, taken by secret ballot, at a membership meeting. Any override of the Board's decision or absence of decision that has the effect of banning a member from participating may be made only with just cause. The Board must use reasonable efforts to provide the respondent and member or members who have made the appeal (if they are different to the respondent) notice in writing of the allegations against the respondent and an opportunity to be heard with counsel or by proxy at such a meeting.
- (e) The Board (or, on appeal, the membership) may expel a member from TNYA for just cause under the same procedure as applies to a ban on participation. Expulsion of a member terminates the respondent's rights and privileges of membership. Imposition of an indefinite ban on the respondent participating in any TNYA activities expels the respondent from TNYA.
- (f) No person expelled by the Board may rejoin TNYA except with the express approval of the Board; no person expelled by vote of the membership overturning a Board decision may rejoin TNYA except by vote of the membership.
- (g) No member who resigns their membership between the date of any incident that serves as at least a partial basis for imposition of a ban or the date on which notice of ban proceedings is transmitted to that person (whichever comes first) and the date (if any) on which any proceedings with respect to a potential ban has finally terminated without a ban being imposed on that member's participation, may rejoin TNYA without the affirmative consent of the Board, or, if the Board's decision or lack of decision is appealed to the membership, a vote of the membership.

2.4 INITIATION FEES AND ANNUAL DUES

The Board may levy an initiation fee payable upon becoming a member as well as annual dues payable either once each year or in installments as the Board may provide. Annual dues and initiation fees for members must be uniform. Except as required by law, initiation fees and membership dues are not refundable in whole or in part should a person lose their membership during the balance of the year. Any waiver, in whole or in part, of an initiation fee or annual dues is a grant governed by bylaw 7.14.

2.5 MEMBERSHIP OF DISCIPLINES WITHIN TNYA

Each member may be an ordinary or representative member of one or more of the swimming discipline, artistic swimming discipline, diving discipline, or water polo discipline. A member may register as an ordinary member of any discipline without charge by such means as the Board may provide. A member is a representative member of a discipline if, while they were a member of TNYA, they attended at least 10% of the practices for that discipline held in the previous twelve months.

2.6 MEMBER RIGHTS, DUTIES, AND POWERS

All members are voting members and may serve as directors or officers. Membership is not

transferable. The duties and powers of the membership are:

- (a) To elect the directors, in accordance with Article 4;
- (b) To modify or reverse policy and programs established by the Board, in accordance with Article 3;
- (c) To amend these bylaws, in accordance with Article 8;
- (d) To inspect any books or records maintained by the Board or officers of TNYA in the discharge of their official duties, in accordance with N-PCL § 621; and
- (e) To contribute to the management of TNYA by volunteering to, among other things, plan events, serve on committees, and/or hold appointed or elected offices.

ARTICLE 3 – MEMBERSHIP MEETINGS

3.1 ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP MEETING

The annual membership meeting must be held no earlier than September 15 and no later than December 22 of each year, on a date and time specified by the Board.

3.2 BUSINESS OF THE ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP MEETING

The business of the annual membership meeting is:

- (a) Ascertainment of quorum and record of attendance;
- (b) Presentation of the financial and membership report required by bylaw 7.5, deficit or surplus remediation plan if required by bylaw 7.6, overview of TNYA's performance against budget, the budget for the upcoming fiscal year, and report on the athletic program for each discipline;
- (c) A period where members may ask questions of the directors and officers;
- (d) Consideration of old and new business properly before the meeting proposed at least 12 days before the date of the annual membership meeting (i) by the Board, or (ii) by demand made by at least 10% of the membership in writing to the Secretary specifying the text of the business to be considered and bearing the names and signatures of the members making the demand;
- (e) Statements from nominees for director, followed by questions to the nominees from members;
- (f) Elections as provided by article 4;
- (g) An open forum period where members may discuss TNYA matters among themselves and with the directors and officers;
- (h) Announcement of the results of the elections; and,
- (i) Adjournment.

3.3 SPECIAL MEMBERSHIP MEETINGS

Special membership meetings may be called by the Board or by demand of 10% of the membership (“the petitioning members”). The petitioning members may call a special membership meeting by making such a demand, in writing, to the Secretary specifying the date and month of the meeting demanded, which must not be less than two nor more than three months from the date of such written demand, and each item of business to be considered at the proposed special membership meeting. The Secretary, upon receiving the written demand, must promptly give notice of such meeting; should the Secretary fail to do so within five business days thereafter, any petitioning member may give such notice.

3.4 PLACE AND FORMAT OF MEMBERSHIP MEETINGS

All membership meetings must be held electronically via videoconference utilizing a service that is free for members to access, provided that the meeting may also include an in-person component if the remaining provisions of this bylaw are complied with. If the Board determines that such an electronic meeting cannot be lawfully or practicably held, it may hold the meeting at a physical location within the City of New York. If the membership meeting is being held electronically or in hybrid format, the Board must implement reasonable measures to:

- (a) Verify that each person participating electronically is a member or a proxy of a member;
- (b) Provide each member participating electronically with a reasonable opportunity to participate in the meeting, including an opportunity to propose, object to, and vote upon a specific action to be taken by the members, and to see, read or hear the proceedings of the meeting substantially concurrently with those proceedings; and,
- (c) Record and maintain a record of any votes or other actions taken by electronic communication at the meeting. Voting must be done by electronic poll or contemporaneous chat functions accessible to those members participating electronically in the meeting, and not by voice or show of hands.

3.5 MEMBERSHIP MEETING NOTICES

The notice of any membership meeting must conform with the following requirements:

- (a) *Time*. Written notice must be given for any membership meeting at least 21 and not more than 50 days in advance of the date of the meeting.
- (b) *Content*. The meeting notice must contain the time, date, place (if an in-person meeting), access link and credentials (if an online or hybrid meeting), whether the meeting is being called by the Board or the petitioning members, and a brief description of the purposes for which the meeting is called and the business that will be proposed to the meeting.
- (c) *Special Notice Requirements for Certain Items of Business*. A membership meeting may not approve an amendment to these bylaws unless a description of the substance of the proposed amendment is included in one or more notices of the meeting; nor may a membership meeting consider whether or to what extent one or more persons should be removed from office, or banned from participation in TNYA activities, unless one or more notices for that meeting circulated at least 21 days in advance so state and name the subject(s) of the imposed or proposed removal or ban.

- (d) *Address*. The notice must be sent to each member's last known email address as it appears on the Register of Members at the time the notice is sent; provided, that members may request in writing that notices be delivered by first class mail.
- (e) *Record Date*. The record date for any notice of or pertaining to a membership meeting is the date of the notice.
- (f) *Adjourned meetings*. Notwithstanding N-PCL § 605, adjourned meetings require the same notice as a special membership meeting.

3.6 QUORUM AT MEMBERSHIP MEETINGS

If TNYA has 16 or fewer members, a majority of the membership present in person or by proxy constitutes quorum for the transaction of business at a membership meeting. If TNYA has more than 16 members and fewer than 1,000 members, eight members or 10% of the membership present in person or by proxy, whichever is greater, constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business at a membership meeting. If TNYA has more than 1,000 members, 100 members present in person or by proxy constitutes a quorum.

3.7 RECORD DATE FOR VOTING RIGHTS AT MEMBERSHIP MEETING

The record date for determining the eligibility of any member to vote in a membership meeting is the 12th day before that meeting, such that any member who is a member on the 12th day before a membership meeting is entitled to vote at that membership meeting. The Board does not have the power to set or alter a record date for the purpose of determining the members entitled to vote at any membership meeting.

3.8 VOTING AT MEMBERSHIP MEETINGS

Each member has one vote. All decisions of the members at a membership meeting may be made only by vote of the membership. An action requiring the "vote of the membership," requires a majority of the votes cast in person or by proxy at a membership meeting, where the affirmative votes cast in favor of any such action are at least equal to the minimum number of members necessary for quorum (except as provided by Article 4 of these Bylaws). Blank votes or abstentions are not counted in the number of votes cast.

3.9 PROXY VOTES AT MEMBERSHIP MEETINGS

- (a) *Proxy by Written Direction of Member*. A member may vote by proxy by authorizing another member in writing to act for the absent member by proxy either by use of the proxy form provided by the Board or by providing written notice thereof to the Secretary.
- (b) *Board Proxy form*. The Board must provide a proxy form for each membership meeting that permits proxy voting on each item of business noticed to be considered by the meeting (a "universal proxy"). The universal proxy must contain both the items of business noticed by the Board and any items of business timely proposed by petitioning members pursuant to bylaw 3.23.2(d)(ii) and bylaw 3.3 ("petition business"). The universal proxy, if completed, has the effect of requiring the proxying member's vote be cast by the chair of the meeting in accordance with the instructions provided by the proxying member in the universal proxy. Proxy votes for the election of directors may be cast only in accordance with the provisions of bylaw 4.6, but any proxy form issued

pursuant to bylaw 4.6 must also contain the substance of the universal proxy.

- (c) *Board Recommendations on Member-Proposed Business.* If the Board communicates a recommendation to the membership concerning any item of petition business, the Board must permit the petitioners the opportunity to issue a statement in response of not more than 350 words or the length of the Board’s communication (whichever is longer) via the same medium and with the same prominence as the Board’s communication of its recommendation. If the Board intends to communicate its recommendation on petition business in the universal proxy, it must advise the petitioners and permit the petitioners at least two days to write a response of 350 words or the length of the Board’s communication (whichever is longer) to be displayed immediately next to the Board’s communication to the members in the universal proxy.
- (d) *Expiry of Proxy.* Notwithstanding any statements to the contrary in the proxy, to the maximum extent permitted by the N-PCL, all proxy agreements expire after the adjournment of the first membership meeting following such agreements’ execution or the lapse, termination, or resignation of the proxying member’s membership, whichever comes first.
- (e) *No Proxy Expenses May Be Incurred.* TNYA must not pay any expenses incurred in the solicitation of votes, proxies, or consents of members by or on behalf of the Board, nominees for director, or any other person. This subdivision does not forbid TNYA from paying the expenses of any online proxy or voting system used to administer balloting.

3.10 MEMBERSHIP OVERRIDES OF BOARD DECISIONS

Any decision of the Board may be overridden by vote of the membership. The Board may not override such a decision by the membership.

ARTICLE 4 – ELECTIONS OF DIRECTORS

4.1 ELECTION AT ANNUAL MEMBERSHIP MEETING

The membership shall elect directors at the annual membership meeting up to a maximum of 11 directors. In all elections of directors, each eligible member present in person or by proxy has one vote.

4.2 NOMINATIONS OF DIRECTORS

- (a) *Nomination Dates.* Nominations for director must open between 50 and 21 days before the date of the annual membership meeting (“opening of nominations”) and close 12 days before the date of the annual membership meeting (“closing of nominations”). The Secretary must announce the opening of nominations to all members on the day nominations open and include in that announcement a link to the online nominations form.
- (b) *Qualifications.* Any member who is qualified to be elected or appointed a director pursuant to bylaw 5.2, and who was a member on the 180th day prior to the start of the financial year in which the election is held, may nominate themselves to be a director by submitting the nomination form on or before the day on which nominations close. A

candidate for director is presumed eligible for that office unless it is proved by clear and convincing evidence that the director is not eligible.

- (c) *Nomination form.* All nominations must be self-nominations. The Board must create an online nomination form to be distributed at the opening of nominations; completion of the form is sufficient to serve as a nomination. The Board must supply a copy of the form to any member upon written request at any time between the opening and closing of nominations. To complete the form the candidate need only complete the fields for the candidate's name, gender identity, discipline(s), questions necessary to determine whether the candidate meets the qualifications provided in subdivision (b) of this bylaw, and declaration of interests sufficient to determine whether the candidate qualifies as an independent director and otherwise complies with N-PCL § 715-a. The Board may allow nominators to provide additional information on the form and, to the extent the Board does so, must circulate that additional information as part of the candidate's application when applications are distributed with the ballot.

4.3 MINIMUM BOARD REPRESENTATION

At all times, TNYA must use its best efforts to ensure that:

- (a) at least two directors are persons who identify as women or any gender other than cisgender-male;
- (b) at least one representative member of each discipline within TNYA that has members (as defined in bylaw 2.5) is a director; and,
- (c) at least three directors are independent directors.

4.4 UNCONTESTED ELECTION

If, at the time of the close of nominations, there are as many or fewer nominees for director as seats open to election, the membership meeting shall proceed to an uncontested election. In such an election, each voter in attendance must be presented with a secret ballot listing all nominees and provided an opportunity to approve or disapprove each nominee or abstain. A nominee is elected in an uncontested election if approval votes cast for that nominee exceed the disapproval votes cast for that nominee, not counting abstentions and members not voting, irrespective of whether the number of members who cast affirmative votes is less than the number of members necessary for quorum. A nominee who receives an equal number of approval votes and disapproval votes shall not be elected.

4.5 CONTESTED ELECTION

- (a) If, at the time of the close of nominations, there are more nominees for director than seats open to election, the membership meeting shall proceed to a contested election.
- (b) In a contested election, each voter must be presented with a secret ballot listing all nominees and provided the opportunity to vote for up to as many nominees as there are seats open to election. Each voter may vote only once for each nominee.
- (c) Nominees are elected in descending order of the number of votes they have received, up to the maximum number of directors as provided by bylaw 4.1, adjusted such that nominees whose election would cause the Board to satisfy the thresholds in bylaw 4.3

must be elected (in descending order of votes received) in preference to nominees who would not. A nominee may be elected even if that nominee has received fewer votes than the number of members necessary for quorum.

- (d) If there is a tied vote between two or more nominees for the last available seat or seats after application of the procedures set forth in subdivision (c) of this bylaw, the remaining directors must fill the seat in question with one of the tied nominees at the BOM.

4.6 PROCEDURE IN ELECTIONS OF DIRECTORS

- (a) *Appointment of Election Coordinators.* Prior to issuing the first notice of a membership meeting at which an election is to be held, the members of the Board who are not candidates in the coming election must appoint three members who are not candidates and have no disqualifying personal relationships with a candidate (as specified in the conflict of interest policy adopted pursuant to bylaw 5.13) to serve as Election Coordinators for the election. The term of the Election Coordinators runs from their appointment until the adjournment of the BOM, and the Election Coordinators may be removed from office by the Board only for cause.
- (b) *Evaluation of Director Qualifications.* The Election Coordinators must review all nominations, make a preliminary determination as to whether the candidates are eligible for election pursuant to bylaw 4.2(b), and advise all candidates of such determination immediately so as to permit an appeal pursuant to subdivision (h) of this bylaw.
- (c) *Secure Online Voting System for Proxy Votes.* The Election Coordinators must set up, on a secure online election system, a secret ballot in conformity with this Article including, if requested by the Board, the content of a proxy form required by bylaw 3.8. The voting system must be equally accessible to all Election Coordinators but not otherwise accessible to members and must permit the sending of reminders to those who have not voted but not permit anyone to learn how any member voted.
- (d) *Transmission of Applications, Proxy form Ballot, and Opening of Voting.* On the seventh day before a meeting at which an election is to be held, the Election Coordinators must issue each member eligible to vote as of the record date for that meeting a link to the online voting system at that member's last known email address. The ballot, or email providing the link to the ballot, must contain a clear and conspicuous link to a compilation of the content of all valid candidate applications received before the nominations deadline if not available on the ballot itself.
- (e) *Effect of Proxy Voting at Membership Meeting.* All votes cast using the online voting system prior to the commencement of the annual membership meeting are irrevocable proxy agreements, for that annual membership meeting only, directing the chair of the meeting to cast the proxying members' votes in accordance with the members' secret ballot vote. All votes cast using the online voting system after the commencement of the membership meeting shall be deemed votes cast at the membership meeting.
- (f) *Close of Voting and Announcement of Results.* Polls close 10 minutes after the end of the nominees' presentations and Q&A. Following the closure of voting the Election Coordinators must announce the results of the election at the membership meeting,

including the number of votes received by (or, in an uncontested election, for and against) each nominee.

- (g) *Disputes*. Any member who believes the election rules have not been followed must raise such concerns with the Election Coordinators, who shall make a preliminary determination of the dispute. Any aggrieved party may appeal this determination to the Board (with all Board members running for re-election recused). The determination of the Board on the dispute may be further appealed only as provided by N-PCL § 618.

ARTICLE 5 – BOARD OF DIRECTORS

5.1 DIRECTORS

The membership of the Board consists of directors elected at the annual membership meeting, directors appointed by the Board, and Principal Officers serving as non-voting Board members *ex officio* pursuant to bylaw 6.2. The number of directors shall be no fewer than seven nor greater than 13, with a preference for nine directors holding office at any time.

5.2 ELIGIBILITY TO SERVE AS A DIRECTOR

Directors must be members of TNYA. No TNYA employee or paid contractor, other than a coach, may be a director. No person may be elected or appointed a director if, on the day of their election or appointment, they have served as a director for six or more years in the aggregate out of the previous eight; nor may a person be elected or appointed a director if they have been convicted of a qualifying offense.

5.3 DUTIES AND POWERS

TNYA shall be managed by the Board, which shall, in addition to exercising all those powers vested in it by the N-PCL, other laws, or these bylaws:

- (a) Establish and manage the programs and policies of TNYA, including but not limited to the policies provided in bylaws 1.6, 5.13, and 7.10, subject to membership modification in accordance with bylaw 3.10;
- (b) Name officers or hire employees to deliver the programs and policies so established;
- (c) Monitor the implementation of TNYA’s programs and policies by TNYA’s officers and employees;
- (d) Review and adopt a budget pursuant to bylaw 7.7; and,
- (e) Review and approve TNYA’s form 990 or 990-EZ prior to its submission.

5.4 BOARD DELEGATION AND RESERVED POWERS

The Board may delegate any of its powers or functions to a committee or officer other than the following (“reserved powers”):

- (a) submission to the membership of any action requiring their approval under the N-PCL,
- (b) the appointment or removal of directors, Head Coaches, employees, or independent

contractors other than coaches,

- (c) the adoption or amendment of the budget, except as provided in article 8 of these bylaws,
- (d) the Board's pre-submission review of the form 990-EZ or form 990,
- (e) the designation and revocation of signatories and authorized owners pursuant to bylaw 7.2,
- (f) the Board's powers with respect to temporary or indefinite bans on participation pursuant to bylaw 2.3 except as that bylaw otherwise provides,
- (g) adoption or amendment of policies made pursuant to bylaws 1.6 (welfare policies), 5.13 (conflict of interest), or 7.10 (investment),
- (h) amending or repealing any policy or resolution of the Board that by its express terms requires the Board to so amend or repeal it, or,
- (i) any other matter that may not be delegated pursuant to N-PCL § 712 or any other law.

The Board may delegate to committees or officers the initial responsibility to hear and report on any of the reserved powers, provided that final review of such report, including the final decision respecting such powers, is not delegated. Notwithstanding the provisions of this bylaw, the Board may delegate a reserved power if and only if doing so is necessary to avoid a conflict of interest or improper authorization of a related party transaction and such delegation is permitted by law.

5.5 BOARD MEETINGS

- (a) *Frequency*. The Board shall meet as frequently as required to complete its business, but not less frequently than four times per year.
- (b) *Call*. Board meetings may be called by a Co-President or by 20% or more of the directors in office. The director or directors calling the meeting must make reasonable efforts to ensure that all directors are able to attend the meeting at the proposed date and time.
- (c) *Notice*. Written notice of Board meetings must be given to all directors at least five days in advance of the day set for the meeting. Notice of any adjournment of a meeting of the Board to another time or place must be given to all directors at least five days in advance of the day set for resumption of the meeting. Notice need not be given to a director who waives notice whether before or after the meeting, or who attends the meeting without protesting, prior thereto or at its commencement, the lack of notice to that director.
- (d) *Agenda*. Any director may propose (and with consent of the Board, add) an item to the Board's agenda, with or without notice.
- (e) *Quorum*. A majority of directors currently in office constitutes a quorum for the transaction of any business at any meeting of the Board. Directors who are present at the time of the meeting but not present at the time of a vote due to a conflict of interest or related party transaction shall be determined to be present at the time of the vote for purposes of determining if a quorum is present at such time.
- (f) *Guests*. The Board may invite anybody to attend Board meetings and participate as it thinks fit; provided, that only directors may vote.

- (g) *Procedure.* The Board may meet in person or by electronic video screen communication or similar. Whatever the medium of the meeting, all persons participating in the meeting must be able to hear each other at the same time and each director must be able to participate in all matters before the Board, including, without limitation, to propose, object to, and vote upon a specific action to be taken by the Board.

5.6 BOARD VOTING

Each director has one vote. Except as otherwise provided by law, the vote of a majority of the directors present at the time of the vote, if quorum is present at such time, shall be the act of the Board. For the avoidance of doubt, directors may not proxy their vote to other directors or vote absentee without being present, in person or electronically, at the meeting.

5.7 BOARD ACTION WITHOUT MEETING

Any action required or permitted to be taken by the Board may be taken without a meeting if all directors then in office consent to the adoption of a resolution authorizing the action by electronic mail or other electronic means that sets forth, or is submitted with, information from which it can reasonably be determined that the transmission was authorized by the director. The resolution and the written consents thereto by the directors must be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board.

5.8 TERM OF OFFICE

Directors elected at an annual membership meeting serve a term beginning upon the adjournment of the annual membership meeting at which they are elected and ending at the adjournment of the second annual membership meeting to occur following their election; provided that if fewer than 40% of the currently serving directors have terms set to expire at the next annual membership meeting, as many directors as would be necessary for at least 40% of serving directors to have terms set to expire at the next annual membership meeting, either self-nominated or (if self-nominations do not equal that number) chosen by lot, shall be assigned a term to expire at the next annual membership meeting.

5.9 RESIGNATIONS

Directors may resign by giving written notice to the Secretary. A director's resignation takes effect on the date specified in the notice, or the date the Board votes to accept the resignation, whichever comes first. For purposes of accepting a resignation early, the Board comprises all directors in office other than the director(s) who offered their resignation(s).

5.10 DE FACTO RESIGNATIONS

Any director who misses two consecutive Board meetings, or three Board meetings between one annual membership meeting and the next annual membership meeting, without both notifying the Board in advance and being excused from attendance by vote of the Board at the meeting missed, shall be considered to have resigned.

5.11 REMOVAL OF A DIRECTOR

The Board may remove a director from office for cause, following circulation of notice of an intention to remove that director to all directors not less than five days before such a vote is

taken. A vote of the membership may remove any director from office with or without cause. A vote to remove a director, whether by the Board or the membership, must be taken by secret ballot.

5.12 VACANCIES

- (a) If there are fewer than the maximum number of directors permitted by bylaw 5.1, the Board may appoint any otherwise eligible member to be a director, except that if there are as many or more directors than the maximum number of directors that may be elected pursuant to bylaw 4.1, the Board may fill the remaining vacancies only if doing so is necessary to satisfy the thresholds specified in bylaw 4.3.
- (b) The term of a director appointed pursuant to this bylaw commences upon notice to the membership of the appointment and terminates on the adjournment of the first annual membership meeting following that director's appointment.
- (c) The Secretary must give notice to the membership upon the resignation or removal of a director before the ordinary expiration of that director's term.
- (d) If there are fewer than the maximum number of directors and the Board does not meet the thresholds specified in bylaw 4.3, the Board must use best efforts to appoint directors who would cause the Board to meet these thresholds.
- (e) No person appointed a director pursuant to this bylaw may again be appointed a director by the Board until the adjournment of the second annual membership meeting following the date of their appointment.
- (f) No person who was a nominee for director but was not elected in an uncontested Board election as provided in bylaw 4.3 may be appointed a director by the Board until or unless such a person is elected a director at an annual membership meeting. A nominee for director who was not elected in a *contested* Board election is eligible to be appointed a director by the Board.
- (g) If there are fewer than the minimum number of directors in office than the number prescribed in bylaw 5.1, the remaining director or directors may appoint directors pursuant to this bylaw sufficient to restore the Board to the minimum number of directors and must do so as soon as practicable.

5.13 CONFLICTS OF INTEREST AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Board must adopt and maintain a conflict-of-interest policy in conformity with N-PCL § 715-a, the IRC, and the regulations promulgated thereunder. The conflict-of-interest policy must make provision for how related party transactions are reviewed and approved; any transaction in violation of such restrictions shall be void. The Secretary must collect from each director the annual conflict of interest statements required by N-PCL § 715-a and provide a copy of all completed statements to the chair of the audit committee, or, if there is no audit committee, to the Co-Presidents.

5.14 BOARD ORIENTATION

On or around the date of the BOM, the Board must conduct an orientation at which directors must review their fiduciary and statutory duties as directors, the conflict-of-interest policies and

declarations (including any conflicts disclosed by directors that year), other applicable TNYA policies and procedures, and these bylaws.

ARTICLE 6 – OFFICERS AND COMMITTEES

6.1 OFFICERS

The officers of TNYA are the President, the Vice President, the Coaching Officer, the Treasurer, and the Secretary (“Principal Officers”), as well as such other officers as the Board may from time to time appoint (“other officers”).

6.2 ELIGIBILITY AND BOARD MEMBERSHIP

Principal Officers and other officers must be members of TNYA. The Co-Presidents must be directors at the time of their election and while serving as Co-President; a Co-President who ceases to be a director automatically ceases to be a Co-President. The remaining Principal Officers may, but need not, be directors; if they are not, they shall be deemed non-voting members of the Board *ex officio* for as long as they are a Principal officer.

6.3 CO-PRESIDENTS

The President and Vice President shall be different persons but shall possess the same authority and duties except as the N-PCL or these Bylaws expressly otherwise provide. They shall be referred to solely as “Co-Presidents” in all internal and external communications unless otherwise required by law. Any reference in these bylaws to the “Co-Presidents” refers to the President and Vice President taken together.

6.4 ELECTION OF CO-PRESIDENTS

The director presently serving as Vice President (if any) immediately prior to the beginning of the BOM shall become President upon the commencement of the BOM; if no such director exists, the Board must elect both a President and Vice President at the BOM using the procedure in bylaw 6.5. The Vice President (and the President, if that office is vacant) must be elected by the Board using the procedure in bylaw 6.5 from among the currently serving directors at the BOM following the resolution of any tied director elections pursuant to bylaw 4.5. The Board must fill any vacancy in the office of President or Vice President as soon as possible following a vacancy in such office, and no later than the second meeting after that vacancy.

6.5 CO-PRESIDENT ELECTION PROCEDURES

- (a) *Presiding Officer*. The President, or, if the President is a candidate for office, the director with the longest tenure of service who is not a candidate for any office to be elected at that meeting (or, if there are multiple such directors, one of those directors chosen by lot) must chair the portion of any Board meeting given over to elections and administer the elections process unless the Board votes to pass the chair to another director who is not a candidate.
- (b) *Uncontested Elections*. If only one candidate nominates or is nominated, the candidate shall be declared elected without a ballot.

- (c) *Contested Elections Procedure.* If an election is contested, each candidate may give brief remarks to the Board as well as answer questions, at which point the Board must enter a deliberations period from which the candidates must be excluded. The candidates must be invited to re-enter the meeting when deliberations end, at which point the Board must immediately proceed to a ballot.
- (d) *Balloting in Contested Elections.* Contested elections of a Co-President must be by secret ballot; each director present has one vote. A candidate for Co-President must receive a majority of votes cast to be elected; if no candidate receives a majority of votes cast, the candidate receiving the fewest votes (or, if multiple candidates receive the equal lowest number of votes, all such candidates) shall be eliminated and the Board must ballot again between the remaining candidates, repeating this process until one candidate has received a majority of votes cast or all candidates are eliminated. If all candidates are eliminated, nominations shall re-open for the office and the elections process repeated.

6.6 APPOINTMENT OF PRINCIPAL OFFICERS OTHER THAN CO-PRESIDENT

The Board shall appoint each other Principal Officer by resolution and must fill any vacancy in a Principal office as soon as practicable after the vacancy arises. The Co-Presidents may make a temporary appointment to a vacant Principal office until that office is filled by the Board; such an appointment may not extend past two months. The Board may, by secret ballot, choose to select any Principal Officer or other officer using the procedure used to elect the Co-Presidents, rather than by resolution.

6.7 SIMULTANEOUS OFFICEHOLDING

No Co-President may hold another Principal Office simultaneously, other than the Coaching Officer serving as Acting Co-President as provided by bylaw 6.11. Any other Principal Officer or other officer may hold multiple offices simultaneously.

6.8 TERM OF OFFICE

Co-Presidents serve from their election until their election to or assumption of another Board office, the election of their successor at the next BOM, or the adjournment of the BOM, whichever happens first. Other Principal Officers serve until the adjournment of the next BOM but may be reappointed following the expiry of their term. A person may not serve as Co-President, Coaching Officer, Treasurer, or Secretary if at the time of their re-election they have served in that office (or, for the Co-Presidents, one or both of those offices) for four years in aggregate out of the previous six. All other officers serve terms commencing upon appointment until the next BOM, whereupon they are eligible for reappointment.

6.9 RESIGNATION

Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board.

6.10 REMOVAL OF OFFICERS

Officers, whether Principal Officers or other officers, may be removed by the Board or by the vote of the membership, with or without cause. A person removed as an officer by the membership may not be reelected to that office by the Board without approval by the vote of the membership. The Board may not remove a Principal Officer, whether with or without cause,

unless notice of an intention to move that such a Principal Officer be removed is circulated to all directors not less than five days before the day such a vote is taken.

6.11 DUTIES OF PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

Except as the Board otherwise provides, the duties of the Principal Officers are as follows:

- (a) The Co-Presidents are responsible for the overall supervision of the affairs of TNYA and shall exercise the functions vested by law in a President and Vice President of the corporation. They, or any one of them, may call Board meetings, and must use their best efforts to circulate a proposed agenda for the same at least five days before the meeting. They shall preside in the ordinary course at all membership meetings and Board meetings either by alternation or in accordance with such arrangement they may make among themselves, unless the directors or members present vote to pass the chair to another member for some or all of the meeting in question. They must report on the actions of the Board at all membership meetings. They assist the Treasurer in managing the finances of TNYA, and all other officers with their duties as appropriate.
- (b) The Coaching Officer oversees TNYA's athletic programming and maintaining and increasing the quality of TNYA's athletic program, including but not limited to recruiting coaches and ensuring coordination between coaches and between coaches and the Board. If one or both Co-President positions becomes vacant, the Coaching Officer shall serve as Acting Co-President until the remaining Co-President position(s) are filled by the Board.
- (c) The Treasurer oversees TNYA's finances. The Treasurer must establish and maintain adequate internal controls over financial reporting, record-keeping, and the use of TNYA's financial assets. The Treasurer must make available to officers and directors up-to-date information on TNYA's financial status, including dues or fees received and bills outstanding or paid, and furnish to the Secretary such books and records as are properly requested by members pursuant to the N-PCL. The Treasurer shall develop and maintain financial models permitting the Board to determine the economic consequences of decisions respecting TNYA activities.
- (d) The Secretary oversees TNYA's internal administration, policies, and corporate governance, including the duties customarily performed by a company secretary, insurance and risk management, member and officer registry maintenance, and regulatory compliance. The Secretary must maintain the minutes of Board meetings and ensure the books and records of TNYA are kept in good order and available upon valid request.

6.12 OTHER OFFICERS

The Board, or the Co-Presidents, may appoint members of TNYA as other officers. Such officers must include one or more Athlete Safety Officers but may otherwise include any officer position the Board deems necessary or convenient to conducting the business of TNYA. The Board must promulgate and maintain in writing a list of the functional responsibilities of each other officer. The Board must make reasonable efforts to appoint, as such other officers, members who are not presently directors. All officers must report to the Board on all planned projects and will have such authority as granted by the Board.

6.13 OTHER COMMITTEES

The Board may appoint Board committees, each to consist of at least three directors. All committees of the Board serve at the pleasure of the Board. The Board, or any officer, may appoint TNYA committees to assist them in fulfilling official duties. Officers are encouraged to appoint committees to involve more members in TNYA activities and spread the burdens and benefits of volunteering. Each TNYA committee, and the members thereof, serve at the pleasure of the Board. This bylaw does not apply to the Finance Committee, Audit Committee, or Compensation Committee, each of which is governed in accordance with bylaw 7.12.

ARTICLE 7 – FINANCES

7.1 NO EXPENDITURES FOR PRIVATE BENEFIT

No part of the net earnings of TNYA may inure to the benefit of, or be distributable to its members, trustees, officers, or other private persons, except that TNYA is authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in furtherance of the purposes set forth in bylaw 1.2.

7.2 BANK ACCOUNT AND AUTHORIZED SIGNATORIES

- (a) *Location of Accounts.* TNYA must maintain one or more bank accounts at a convenient New York City bank.
- (b) *Account Signatories.* The Co-Presidents and Treasurer are authorized to sign checks or authorize electronic funds transfers drawn on TNYA's bank account, consistent with the directions of the Board made in the budget or a Board resolution. The Board may authorize other officers or employees to serve as signatories on TNYA accounts or services by resolution, provided that all such authorizations are deemed revoked at the first BOM to occur following the meeting that approved the authorization. The authorized officers do not have discretion to refuse to authorize such a check or transfer if the Board resolves that the check or electronic funds transfer be signed or approved.
- (c) *System Ownership Fiduciary Obligations.* If TNYA maintains a payment processing system or customer management system that requires one or more individuals to be designated as the owner of that system, the Board must designate one of the Principal Officers, if practical, to serve as owner for the duration of their terms. If such a designation is impractical, the Board may designate any member to serve as the owner; such person is deemed a TNYA fiduciary if not already one by virtue of another office the owner holds. Whoever is system owner, the owner must execute the directions of the Board with respect to exercise of their ownership functions (including transmission of ownership credentials to another person).

7.3 REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES

All members charged by the Board with fulfilling TNYA duties are entitled to the reimbursement of expenses reasonably incurred in the fulfillment of those duties, up to amounts approved in advance by the Finance Committee and consistent with the annual budget. The Finance

Committee may not approve a request for reimbursement unless made in writing and accompanied by receipts.

7.4 FINANCIAL YEAR

The TNYA financial year starts on September 1 and ends on August 31.

7.5 ANNUAL REPORT TO MEMBERS

The Board must present at the annual membership meeting a copy of the most recently filed IRS form 990 (or 990-EZ, as applicable) and a financial report, verified by a majority of the directors then in office, showing in appropriate detail the following for the immediate past financial year:

- (a) The assets and liabilities, including the trust funds, of TNYA as of the end of the last financial year.
- (b) The principal changes in assets and liabilities, including trust funds, during the last financial year.
- (c) The revenue or receipts of TNYA, both unrestricted and restricted to particular purposes, during the last financial year.
- (d) The expenses or disbursements of TNYA, for both general and restricted purposes, during the last financial year.
- (e) The number of members as of the date of the report, together with a statement of increase or decrease in such number during the last financial year, and a statement of the place where the names and places of residence of the current members may be found.

The annual report must be filed with the records of TNYA and either a copy or an abstract thereof entered in the minutes of the proceedings of the annual membership meeting.

7.6 OVERALL FINANCIAL POLICY

It is TNYA's policy as a nonprofit charity to maintain a balanced budget and therefore neither run large deficits nor accumulate large cash reserves, or otherwise budget for revenues to significantly exceed or be exceeded by expenses in a fiscal year. A reasonable cash reserve must be maintained as a contingency to protect TNYA's ability to continue operations and otherwise advance its charitable purposes. If TNYA's financial performance in a given fiscal year shows either a significant surplus or deficit, the Board must present a plan to restore a balanced budget to the next annual membership meeting.

7.7 BUDGET

- (a) *General.* The Board must approve a budget, prepared by the Finance Committee, for each financial year. No money may be spent in an amount or manner inconsistent with the budget then in effect.
- (b) *Amendments.* The Board may amend the Budget at its discretion. Between meetings of the Board, the Finance Committee may approve amendments to the Budget that do not in their aggregate provide for an increase in overall TNYA expenditures in that fiscal year greater than 5% more than the amount affirmatively approved by the Board. Any Finance Committee amendment to the Budget shall take effect only if (i) the Committee provides

all directors then in office at least 48 hours' notice of any proposed amendment by both email and text message or equivalent and (ii) no more than 15% of the directors then in office request the amendment be reserved for approval of the entire Board.

- (c) *Compensation.* To the extent that the budget or a proposed amendment to the budget makes allocations for the purposes of compensation, the budget or amendment must be approved by the Compensation Committee prior to its approval by the Finance Committee or the Board.

7.8 FEES FOR ACTIVITIES

The Board may set fees as a condition of participation in some or all TNYA activities, and discount or increase these fees based on participation frequency or volunteering or any other basis the Board deems appropriate, but the fees payable by members or discounts available to members must be determined upon the same basis and be available to all similarly situated members on the same terms. The setting of a fee for an activity (or the failure to discount a fee for an activity) consistent with the foregoing sentence does not implicate bylaw 2.3 or require or permit invocation of any of the procedures set forth in that bylaw even if such a fee serves to constructively bar a member from participation in that activity.

7.9 FUNDRAISING FOR OTHER LGBTQ+ CHARITIES

TNYA may make distributions to other eligible charities whose primary purpose is to serve the social or physical wellbeing of the LGBTQ+ community in the greater New York City area, or organize events where its members or members of the public are invited to make contributions to such charities, provided that the making of any such distributions or planning of such events must not be the primary purpose or activity of TNYA or consume more than an insubstantial part of TNYA's resources.

7.10 INVESTMENT POLICY

The Board may invest TNYA funds exclusively in furtherance of TNYA's charitable purposes, and only in accordance with a written investment policy that the Board must adopt and may from time to time amend. The Board may, where it is prudent to do so, delegate the management and investment of TNYA's funds to one or more professional fund managers. The Board's investment policy must provide for a conservative investment strategy and require that TNYA or fund managers acting on its behalf avoid high-risk or highly illiquid assets, or any investments in enterprises hostile to LGBTQ+ equality.

7.11 NO COMPENSATION FOR DIRECTORS

Except for reasonable reimbursement of bona fide expenses incurred on behalf of TNYA, participation in free practice, discount, or scholarship programs available to officers, other volunteers, or members similarly situated, or compensation as a coach, directors must serve without compensation whether by virtue of their role as director or by virtue of any other office such director might hold in TNYA.

7.12 ECONOMIC COMMITTEES

- (a) *Finance Committee.* There shall be a standing Finance Committee of the Board, consisting of the Treasurer (who shall chair the committee), the Co-Presidents, and up to

two additional directors or Principal Officers appointed by the Board who are not members of the Compensation Committee.

- (b) *Compensation Committee.* Within one month following the BOM, the independent directors must elect a Compensation Committee comprising three presently serving independent directors who are not Principal Officers. Members of the Compensation Committee serve for renewable terms that expire at the next BOM and are removable prior to the expiry of their term only for cause.
- (i) No appropriation of TNYA funds for the purposes of compensation of officers, coaches, Head Coaches, and any other individual or sole proprietorship may be approved, whether by the Board or any officer, without the prior authorization of the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee must not approve any compensation unless the compensation proposed is fair, reasonable, and in TNYA's best interests at the time of the determination.
 - (ii) The membership, process, and other actions of the Compensation Committee must satisfy the conditions set forth in 26 CFR § 53.4958-6(a) necessary to create a rebuttable presumption that any payment of compensation is not an excess benefit transaction.
- (c) *Audit Committee—If Established.* The Board may, but is not required to, designate an Audit Committee of at least three members. If the Board designates an Audit Committee, the independent directors must elect its members and its chair solely from their number. In any year in which TNYA obtains an independent audit of its financial statements, the Audit Committee must retain, or renew the retention of, the independent auditor to conduct such audit, and upon the completion thereof, review the results of the audit and any related management letter with such independent auditor. In furtherance of the responsibilities described in this bylaw, the Audit Committee must:
- (i) Review with the independent auditor the scope and planning of the audit, prior to commencement of the audit;
 - (ii) Upon completion of the audit, review and discuss with the independent auditor any material risks or weaknesses in internal controls identified by the auditor, any restrictions on the scope of the auditor's activities or access to requested information; any significant disagreements between the auditor and management, and the adequacy of TNYA's accounting and financial reporting process; and
 - (iii) Annually consider the performance and independence of the independent auditor.
- (d) *Audit Committee Functions—If Not Established.* If the Board does not establish an Audit Committee, or the Audit Committee is otherwise inactive, the audit responsibilities set out in this bylaw must be undertaken by the Finance Committee, if at least three members of the Finance Committee are independent directors, or, if not, the entire Board. If these audit responsibilities are undertaken by the entire Board or the Finance Committee, only those directors who are independent directors may perform these audit responsibilities.

7.13 NO LOANS TO DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, OR EMPLOYEES

No loans may be made by TNYA to its directors, officers, employees, independent contractors, coaches, or key persons. No loans, other than through the purchase of bonds, debentures, or similar obligations of the type customarily sold in public offerings, or through ordinary deposit of funds in a bank, may be made by TNYA to any other corporation, firm, association or other entity in which one or more of TNYA's directors, officers, employees, or key persons are directors, officers, employees, or key persons, or hold a substantial financial interest, except a loan by TNYA to another charitable corporation. For purposes of this bylaw, a failure of TNYA to demand payment in full of any amounts owed to it by a person within 30 days of the accrual of the arrears is a loan by TNYA to the person in question.

7.14 FORTOUL FELLOWSHIP AND OTHER GRANT OR DISCOUNT PROGRAMS

- (a) *Fortoul Fellowship*. TNYA must maintain a Paul Fortoul Fellowship Fund to defray the expense of membership fees and other fees for activities ordinarily due to TNYA on behalf of members who would not otherwise be able to afford those fees.
- (b) *Minimum Requirements for Fortoul and Other Grant Programs*. The Board must, for the Fortoul Fellowship and any other grant program:
 - (i) set forth fair and reasonably objective criteria or qualifications for receiving that grant;
 - (ii) establish standard procedures and a timeline for applying for the grant;
 - (iii) provide a grant application form and make the form available to all members; and,
 - (iv) include a full description of the grant and the date on which it will be awarded in any fundraising related to the grant.
- (c) *Selection of Grant Recipients*. Grant recipients must be selected by a committee appointed by the Board. Each committee must award grants exclusively through the consistent application of the Board's criteria and document all approvals and denials of applications, including an explanation of how the committee believed the approval or denial reflected the consistent application of the criteria. The initial determinations of the committee (or failure of the committee to decide) may be appealed by any aggrieved party to the Board.

ARTICLE 8 – CONCLUDING PROVISIONS

8.1 AMENDMENTS TO BYLAWS

These bylaws may be amended only by vote of the membership. As provided by N-PCL §§ 615 and 709, no amendment to the bylaws increasing the quorum necessary for a membership meeting or Board meeting to more than a majority of members or a majority of directors then in office (respectively), or increasing the proportion of votes of directors or members that are necessary for the transaction of business or of any specified item of business at a Board meeting or membership meeting to greater than a majority of members present being equal to or greater

than quorum (for the members) or a majority of directors present (for the Board), or amendment to this bylaw, may be approved except by vote of two-thirds of the entire membership.

8.2 DISSOLUTION

In the event of dissolution or final liquidation of TNYA, all the remaining assets and property of TNYA must, after paying or making provision for the payment of all the liabilities and obligations of TNYA and for the necessary expenses thereof, be distributed to one or more other organizations exempt under section 501(c)(3) of the IRC. In the event of voluntary dissolution, such organizations must be selected in the discretion of the Board, subject to approval of the plan of dissolution and distribution of assets by the New York Attorney General or upon an order of a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York. The members do not have distributive rights in the assets of TNYA upon dissolution notwithstanding the payment of dues or other assessments.